

THE BRITISH COLONIST

TO ADVERTISERS.
All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

JOB PRINTING.
Book and Job Printing of every description neatly executed. Terms, cash on delivery of the work.

Saturday Morning, July 5, 1862

The Vexed Question Settled.

From time to time during the last four years the question whether a colored man was entitled to claim, as a legal right, the privilege of entering any bar or saloon, and call for something to drink; with the right to be served on tender of the customary payment, has occasionally excited considerable attention in our small community. Occasions have not been wanting where colored men have entered saloons or bars, and have been refused. The Courts have even been resorted to; but still the vexed question remained unsettled. The case of Francis vs Lovett has again revived public interest in the matter. In this case Francis asked for a drink, but was refused. He then carries his grievance before the Police Commissioner. The case came up yesterday for final adjudication. The decision of the Court is, in spirit, thoroughly British. It is in strict accordance with the customs that prevail in all British communities. A colored man, whether black, red, or mottled, is in the eye of British law, still a man, and as a man is entitled to all the rights and immunities that the Constitution and laws confer. Any evasion or withholding of those rights, whether in a publicly licensed bar or at the bar of the Supreme Court, is subversive of what is right, what has been sanctioned as right by immemorial usage. If a right that the law confers on a colored man be denied to him, a public wrong is committed against the entire public, and, as a matter of course, when recourse is had to the courts, it is expected that the rights of the injured individual will be vindicated, no matter how humble he may be, nor how important a personage may have denied that right. We are glad then, that the vexed question, whether a colored man can enter a bar and call for something to drink, like any one else, is virtually settled. The decision of the Police Commissioner, in our opinion, reaches that far. There may be other grounds on which the subject may be discussed and involved in litigation. But whatever they are matters not. So let all interested in the liquor business make up their minds when they engage in it, that neither law nor British sentiment will tolerate the refusal of a glass of grog to a black man or any other man, if he be sober and civil, and tenders pay for what he asks. We are well aware that there are those in the liquor business who believe it to be an indignity to serve an African. Education and custom has brought about that prejudice. With some it is implanted with their earliest recollections; with others it is acquired. Whilst we respect every man's prejudices, whether political, religious, or social, still we cannot see any more degradation in serving a colored man with a glass of liquor than in serving him with a newspaper for a bit at our counter. We cannot understand how a druggist, a drygoods-man, a grocer, or a hardware dealer, or any other tradesman can be inferior to a bar-keeper. Yet those callings usually esteemed more respectable than that of a bar-keeper, think it no discredit to serve the blackest descendant of an African that ever stood on our soil. Still we are aware that a portion of our foreign residents do think it beneath them to supply liquor to such an one at a bar, owing to the social relations it brings about. To any objections from the social aspect of the question we need not reply, except our answer be: "There's the law. It cannot be, shall not be revoked. No one can set it aside or do it violence with impunity. The law must be obeyed. It will be sanctioned and upheld." Such being the real and actual state of the vexed question—such being the ground that it will occupy in this community, we sincerely hope that no occasion will hereafter arise in which the question will be revived. Whilst we have expressed our opinion about the prejudice that would refuse a black man a drink, we at the same time condemn the spirit that would lead any colored person to enter a saloon merely to excite the prejudices of its proprietor. Neither do we believe that any colored man whose respect is worth having would entertain such an idea for a moment. In our mixed community it is best to bear and forbear, except where forbearance would cease to be a virtue. We have many valuable citizens who are alien to our laws and customs. Their enterprise, energy and capital, have hitherto assisted to build up our young country. We should feel grateful for it. Would it then be right, liberal, or politic, to adopt a course that would drive them away by needlessly offending their prejudices—so long as there existed no earthly necessity for offending those prejudices? We think not; and consequently recommend a liberal feeling of that character to our colored population, and all others; not without the hope that much of the prejudice now entertained on both sides may ultimately be modified—at least be held under proper restraint.

Harbo Improvement

We think government deserves a punch in the short ribs to wake it to the importance of harbor improvement. A year ago the Harbor Loan Act became law. Under it money was to be borrowed. But with the exception of a yawn and a turn over, the governmental engineers have slept on undisturbed ever since—careless whether "school kept or not"—whether vessels discharged their cargoes at Esquimalt subject to lighterage, or landed them at our wharves. Such apathy, without showing good cause, is intolerable. If no start be made to accomplish such essential improvements as everybody says are necessary, the rising trade between this port and England or other countries, will be taxed heavily for lighterage, and for an indefinite period. We observe that a dozen vessels are up in England for this

port, whose tonnage varies from 321 to 4,000 tons, making a total of 24,869 tons. With the exception of four out of the twelve, the lowest tonnage of each vessel is above 1650 tons. Such ships as a matter of course will have to discharge at Esquimalt. From there, their cargoes will have to be lightered to this port at an average expense of \$2.00 per ton. If we assume that 15,000 tons out of the total tonnage of the vessels announced as up for this port at London and Liverpool, will have to be landed there and lightered here, there will be a dead loss of \$30,000! It would amount to \$3,750 to each vessel—a handsome profit in itself on a cargo; and a heavy loss to shippers; or if not to shippers, it will be a tax on the consumer. With forty or fifty of such large vessels arriving here a year, a grand total could be counted up that would be tantamount to the expenditure necessary to make our harbor available for vessels of a large size. If we study our future at all as a town, as a commercial emporium; if we would make our water front available, we shall have to improve our harbor. A tramway or railroad to Esquimalt will occur in time. There may even be a canal from Cowichan connecting Esquimalt with Victoria Arm, through which merchandise may be lightered cheaper than coming outside. But neither of these projects ought to delay harbor improvement. If there is a possibility of bringing the largest ships up to our wharves by the exercise of engineering skill and the expenditure of money, let it be done. A floating breakwater at the mouth of the harbor if found practicable such as has been proposed by Mr. Teide-man, would facilitate our commerce, centralize business within our own limits, and keep down expenses. We regard harbor improvement as a matter of vital interest to the people of Victoria, to the property-owners, to the commercial future of the place. It is a something about which there ought to be a stir made. We have lately nearly doubled our water front by pulling down the old bridge. The next step is to make the whole line of the water front as available and valuable as possible. But how any one can expect that to be done speedily, when such trifling obstacles as the Sand Spit are permitted by dilatoriness to impede the entrance of large ships, is a puzzle. A greater puzzle is to know what government is about? Whether it has given up the project—acknowledges its ill-timed hand and foot for want of engineering skill, or financiers to find the cash. What is the government about? It is no use asking the assemblymen. Poor mortals! they sit down demurely, content with scraps of information, with no ambition or energy fit to galvanize the Executive into activity. We observe people casting about to find out where employment can be had for surplus labor. Why then not push on harbor improvements as one means to provide such a desideratum? We shall want labor for the unemployed, and shall we continue to wait it, and pay out enough annually to employ it; but still not get the employment?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To the Electors of ESQUIMALT TOWN.
GENTLEMEN—When elected by your suffrages to represent you in the Assembly, I promised to call you together whenever any public question arose, either in or out of the Legislature, on which I deemed it necessary to consult your views. Accordingly, I have the honor to request you to meet me at a Public Meeting to be held at the Royal Oak Hotel, Esquimalt, at 11 o'clock A.M. Monday, proximo. My object is to submit for your consideration my views respecting the manner in which the Esquimalt Road ought to be completed; and also the way in which that important subject was treated to day in the House of Assembly. I likewise take occasion to publicly invite Selim Franklin, Esq., M.P., and the Esquimalt Road Commissioners appointed last year by His Excellency the Governor, to attend the meeting.
TOMAS HARRIS.
Victoria, July 4, 1862.

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO Contract for Forwarding Merchandise TO.....
LILLOOET,
And will guarantee in all cases that there shall be no unnecessary delay.
WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.
New Westminster, July 3, 1862.

WRAPPING
—AND—
PRINTING PAPER.

About 300 Reams on hand.
Of various sizes and textures, indispensable to Printers, Grocers, Dry Goods men and Druggists.
HIBBEN & CARSWELL.
July 5th
F. J. De St. Ours,
Commission Merchant
—AND—
SHIPPING AGENT,
St. Ours' Wharf, Victoria, V. I.
Always on hand and for sale in lots to suit,
FLOUR, FEAS,
BARLEY, OATS,
HAY, OREGON HAMS,
OREGON BACON,
Etc., etc., etc.
July 4th

Great Reduction in Freight & Passage ON THE DOUGLAS ROUTE.
THE STEAMER FLYING DUTCHMAN, commanding the steamer UNION at Esquimalt River, will in future take freight to Port Douglas at 50 per cent, and
Passengers at \$1 Each.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LILLOOET, giving passages on each of the Upper Lakes, for \$4.
July 1st
H. O. TIEDEMANN,
Civil Engineer and Architect,
Having left the Land Office, is now prepared to make Surveys in Town and Country.
Also, Plans of Buildings, etc., etc., on the shortest notice. Address for the present, OFFICE OF L. LOWENBERG, Government street.
July 5th

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.
A SMART, ACTIVE LAD TO RUN errands, and keep offices, &c. Apply at this Office, at 11 o'clock this day.
CONSIGNEES NOTICE.
THE REG. "HIDALGO," CAPT INGALLS, from San Francisco, will commence discharging cargo at the Hudson Bay Company's wharf, at 10 o'clock THIS (Saturday) MORNING.
All goods not removed from the wharf by 5 o'clock on each day will be stored at the risk and expense of the owners.
JULY 5th
FICKETT & CO.

Stickeen River Express.
PARTIES GOING TO STICKEEN River who may desire to have their letters and papers forwarded as soon as a permanent emigration sets in in that direction, will please leave their names at
BARNARD'S EXPRESS OFFICE.
Where a Book for the purpose has been opened.
WM. CULVERWELL, Agent,
Yates street.
July 5th

M. HARMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes,
Matches, Playing Cards, &c.,
No. 8 Yates st.,
Between Macdonald's, and Schloss & Livingston's Banking Houses.
Have always on hand a large and well selected stock of the above articles, and are able to sell at the lowest possible figure.
July 5th

W. M. SEARBY,
DISPENSING CHEMIST.
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, V. I.,
Formerly of Norwich, England, and Member (by examination) of the Royal Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain,
Is constantly supplied with
ENGLISH DRUGS, AND CHEMICALS,
ENGLISH PATENT MEDICINES,
GOSNELL'S PERFUMERY,
GOSNELL'S WINDSOR SOAP,
GOSNELL'S TOOTH BRUSHES,
HENDRIE'S TOOTH BRUSHES.
And other articles usually found in an English Chemist and Druggist's shop, and which he receives
By Direct Importation from London,
Being selected with great care expressly for his own business.

Ex Recent Arrivals.
CARSWELL & CO.

OFFER FOR SALE:
ALE—R. Porter & Co., Byass, Edinburgh, etc. qts. and pts.;
PORTER, Do. do. qts. and pts.;
BRANDY—Cask and case;
SCOTCH WHISKY—McKenzie's, in cask and case;
OLD TOM, do. in cask and case;
JAMAICA RUM;
MAGNOLIA WHISKY;
CHAMPAGNE—Quarts, pints and half pints;
HOCK, do. do;
HOSELLE, do. do.;
CLARET—Cask and case;
PORT, do. do.;
SHERRY;
GINGER AND CHERRY BRANDY;
ANGELICA WINE & WINE BITTERS;
RUB SEBUR—Cask;
PORK—Half barrels;
CORR BUTTER—Half firkins;
TEA—Souchong and Congee;
— ALSO —
TWEED—Scotch and English Mixed;
EMBROIDERIES, ETC., ETC.
July 5th
CARSWELL & CO.,
Laughey street.

To Loan.
\$2000, \$1000, \$600, \$500, IN SUMS TO SUIT, apply to
W. CULVERWELL,
Office Barnard's Express, Yates street.
July 5th

A CARD.
EDITOR COLONIST.—In order to counteract a report which has been circulated, that I am not qualified for admission to the Bar as an Attorney, I append an extract from a despatch from His Grace the Duke of Newcastle to His Excellency Governor Douglas, in reply to my petition to Her Majesty the Queen, which was signed by upwards of 100 of the leading inhabitants of Victoria, upwards of 20 Writers to the Signet, and Solicitors before the Supreme Courts of Scotland. The Members of Parliament for my native city, Edinburgh, and forwarded by the Lord Advocate, first law officer of the Crown for Scotland and representative of the Scotch Bar in the House of Commons.
(Copy No. 83.)
DOWNSIDE STREET, 7th February, 1862.
To GOVERNOR DOUGLAS, C. B.
SIR—I have received your despatch No. 71, of the 7th December, 1861.
As Mr. COPLAND has qualified himself by STUDY IN SCOTLAND, FOR PRACTICE AS A WRITER TO THE SIGNET, I think the Chief Justice would have acted wisely if he had carried into effect his intention of making a Rule of Court under which that gentleman might be admitted to practice in Vancouver Island.
I have, &c.,
(Signed) "NEWCASTLE"
I shall only further add, that, although the above document has been in the Government offices for two months, His Honor the Chief Justice has not issued a fiat for my admission to the Bar, and now leave the fact without comment, in the hands of a discerning public.
JOHN COPLAND,
33 Laughey street.
3d July, 1862.

IMPROVED and unimproved Farms, situated at from 2 to 25 miles from Victoria for sale. Apply to
SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,
Government street.
July 5th
TOWN LOTS in various parts of Victoria for sale. Part only of the purchase money is required to be paid. Apply to
SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,
Government street.
July 5th
MONEY at from one to one and a half per cent per month, secured on Bond and Mortgage, can be placed for various periods of time on application to
SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,
Government street.
July 5th
SUBURBAN PROPERTY, well adapted for gardening purposes or Residences, to be leased for a term of years, at a moderate rental. Apply to
SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,
Government street.
July 5th

CARD.
THE AGENT OF THE ROYAL MAIL Steam Packet Company will be glad to furnish passengers by the Company's ship from Southampton to Aspinwall, upon their arrival in Victoria, with any information he may possess on the subject of the Mails in British Columbia, Routes, etc., by calling at the office, No. 6 Yates street, between the hours of 12 and 4 P.M.
Victoria, V. I., July 3, 1862.
July 5th

MISCELLANEOUS

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Under the patronage of His Excellency the GOVERNOR and SUITE.
MONDAY, JULY 7.

MR. CHARLES DILLON,
The EMINENT TRAGEDIAN from the Theatres ROYAL, DRURY LANE, and LUCEUM LONDON;
Mrs. Charles Dillon,
The celebrated ACTRESS and VOCALIST, from the LYCEUM THEATRE and NOBILITIES' CONCERTS, LONDON;
Mrs. Edwin F. Stewart,
Late Mrs. MARY WOODWARD.
The celebrated TRAGIC ACTRESS, from the principal AMERICAN THEATRES, having arrived en route for AUSTRALIA, will have the honor of appearing, for this night only.
At eight o'clock Mr. CHARLES DILLON will read Charles Dickens' "CHRISTMAS CAROL."
After which Mrs. CHARLES DILLON will sing several BEAUTIFUL BALLADS.
The evening's entertainment will conclude with the principal scenes from
MACBETH,
Will be acted in character. 1st and 2d acts, comprising the PROPHETCY and TEMPTATION, the MURDER and REMORSE.
Mr. CHARLES DILLON.
Lady Macbeth.....Mrs. EDWIN F. STEWART.
Doors open at 7 o'clock.
Prices of Admission.
Dress Circle, \$1 50; Orchestra Seats, \$1; Parquette, 50 cents.
Box office open from 11 A.M. till 8 P.M.
July 4th

"Trade Licenses Act, 1860."
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the returns required under the "Trade Licenses Act 1860," for the three months ending 1st July, 1862, will not be received at the Treasury after the 24th instant, and that persons failing to make the necessary return will be assessed at the discretion of the Assessors.
ALEXANDER WATSON, Treasurer.
Treasury, V. I., 3d July, 1862.
July 4th

VICTORIA PIONEER REEF CORPS.
The lease of the lot formerly occupied by this corps having expired, it is deemed advisable to transfer the building to their lot on View street. The estimated cost of removing and fitting up the room, with arm rack, &c., will be between five hundred and six hundred dollars. The Corps, therefore, have appointed the following members to solicit a bid from the public:
J. B. JONSON,
R. LEASIE,
E. STOKES,
WM. MILLER.
July 4th

American Ensigns.
A SMALL LOT JUST RECEIVED per steamer Oregon, for sale by
PETER MCQUADE & Co.
July 1st

Henderson & Burnaby
OFFER FOR SALE
EX. "SPEEDY,"
AND OTHER RECENT ARRIVALS:
BLANKETS—2½ and 3 point.
PUNCHEONS RUM—30 O. P.
PALE SHERRY—in qr casks } a small parcel.
and octaves,
CHAMPAGNE, MOSELLE, HOCKRIMER, CLARET, } very choice.
HOLLAND GIN—de Kuyper—in bulk and case.
CHAMPAGNE—various brands.
BRANDY—Cognac in case, Hennessy, Martell, and other favorite brands.
PALE ALE—in bulk and bottle.
CANDLES—250 boxes Nova Stearine.
ENGLISH FURNITURE.
GLASSWARE—an assorted invoice.
July 2nd

PLATED
SPOONS AND FORKS,
LIGHT AND HEAVY
EDGE TOOLS,
COAL OIL LAMPS.
CHAS. LEVY,
WHARF ST.
July 3rd
CHARLES LEVY,
LATE OF SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND,
IMPORTER OF GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
547 24p

UNDERTAKING.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING A COMPLETE Stock on hand, is now prepared to execute any order therewith, on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.
The Trade Supplied.
R. LEWIS,
Corner of Government and Broughton streets.
July 1st

PRIVATE BOARD
With or without Lodgings.
A FEW BOARDERS CAN FIND SU- perior accommodations at reasonable rates, on Yates street, next door to the British American Hotel. Well Furnished Rooms also obtainable on moderate terms.
MRS. GRABLE.
July 2nd

MR. DAVIE,
FROM LONDON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, and Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries, London.
HAS ESTABLISHED HIMSELF FOR practice at Victoria, V. I., and occupies the house on Port street, just vacated by Dr. Atkinson, together with the office on Government street, next door to Mr. Searby's drug store.
July 24th
Office hours from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Ex "MONITOR."
FRESH OATMEAL
For sale wholesale, by
HENDERSON & BURNABY.
LARD.
JUST RECEIVED EX "N. S. PERKINS." 25 CANS JEWELL, HARRISON & Co.'s New Leaf Lard, and for sale by
A. P. EVERETT,
10 Wharf street.
July 4th

AUCTION SALES.

P. M. BACKUS,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.
SALESROOM,
No. 6, Commercial Row, Wharf street, Jc23
AUCTION.
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.
TWIN OAK FARM

P. M. BACKUS
Is instructed to sell the above Property on
MONDAY, July 21st, 1862,
At 12 o'clock, noon,
AT HIS SALESROOM,
No. 6 Commercial Row, Wharf street,
The Property contains about 82 Acres, more or less, is beautifully situated, partly fenced in and under cultivation, with a good House and Garden and substantial buildings thereon.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.
1st. The Property is sold on behalf of the Crown, and will be conveyed by the Registrar of the Supreme Court, subject to a mortgage for \$4000 and interest from the twenty-fourth day of October, 1861, constituted by an Indenture of the 24th of April, 1861.
2d. The purchaser shall not object to the absence of the legal title, but shall accept the usual receipt for the balance of the purchase money given by the Land Office, together with the usual instalment paper from the Land Office as the basis of title.
3d. Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money shall be paid down at the time of sale and the balance within 10 days from the day of sale.
July 2nd

NATHAN POINTER,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods
GOVERNMENT STREET,
in the lower story of
British Colonist Fire-Proof Building,
Two doors South of the Post Office, Victoria, V. I.,
Is now prepared to offer the largest assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods ever exhibited in Victoria, consisting of Messrs. Davis & Jones' Patent Shirts, (of New York), and L. Atkinson's Improved Shoulder Strap Patent Shirts, (of Philadelphia).
Just received, the latest styles of
BALTIC SHIRTS,
from London. Also, a fine lot of pure Baltic Stockings and Hosiery, Gent's Shaker Flannel Undershirts and Drawers. Also, a fine lot of Derby and Saxony
Wool Shirts and Drawers,
White and Colored Marseilles Shirts, a full assortment Gents' Superior Manchester (Gingham) Shirts, a magnificent assortment of
GENTS' SILK SCARFS,
a new style of Gents' Fine Cassimere Comforters and Opera Scarfs, the latest styles of Davis & Jones' celebrated superfine patent
White and Colored Shirts,
and is also receiving by every Steamer those beautiful
BYRON SHIRTS,
of all sizes, varying from 13 to 20 inches around the neck. Ladies should call and examine those
Baltic Stockings,
for winter wear. Orders sent through Express for Shirts, by sending the size of the neck, I will guarantee to fit. Orders filled for all parts of
British Columbia & Puget Sound.
I shall receive fresh Goods by every arrival from London. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, extra Grecian. A fine lot of
GENTLEMEN'S GLOVES,
for the Fall and Winter trade.
— ALSO —
a fine lot of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas, high finish. The gloves consist of some 75 dozen pairs, of various kinds. The Crinoline Fine Overshirts, weighing two and a half pounds, with double backs. We study to please. Business hours, from 6 A.M. to 10 P.M.
Jc25 6mdaw

St. Andrew's Society.
NOTICE.
Missing.—Reward.
A SUITABLE REWARD WILL BE paid to any person who will give information that will lead to the recovery of Mr. CAMPBELL, the Piper, who strayed from the Hospital on Saturday last. When he left the Hospital he had on a black frock coat and plaid trousers. Mr. Campbell is about 65 years of age, with gray hair and whiskers.
A. F. MAIN,
Secretary of the St. Andrew's Society.
Jc20 Press copy

ALBION SALOON,
Cor. Waddington alley and Yates st.,
PERRETT & TIGHE, Proprietors
THE BEST OF
Liquors, Ales, Wines & Cigars
dispensed at this house.
HOT LUNCH DAILY.
OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE
Jc10 24plm
PERRETT & TIGHE.

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT:
GOLDEN GATE SUPERFINE FLOUR;
Extra do.
Bags best Brewing Barley;
Bags Oats;
Barrels Shoulders.
Jc25 2w
F. J. De St. Ours,
Wharf street.

Aparajos, Pack Saddles,
—AND—
APAREJO LEATHER.
WE HAVE ON HAND A FINE LOT of Aparajos, Pack Saddles, and Alum Dressed Leather suitable for Aparajos, of very best quality, which we offer to parties in want at the lowest prices, for cash.
A general assortment of SADDLERY GOODS.
MAIN & WINCHESTER,
214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco.
Ballou's Express.
WE HAVE NO FUNDS TO ADVANCE for duties. Permits with the money will be attended to and charges moderate.
W. T. BALLOU,
1010 House Broker.
New Westminster, April 21st
Jc3

Shall a Colored Man Drink at a White Man's Bar?

The important case of Francis vs. Lovett, touching the right of a colored man to drink at the bar of a white man's hotel, was again brought before the Police Magistrate yesterday. A large number of persons—about one-third of whom were colored—were in attendance. The excitement, although somewhat, seemed intense, and manifested itself frequently during the progress of the case in hisses, laughter, or applause, according as the feelings of the spectators were expressed by the witnesses.

Mr. Ring, who appeared as counsel for the prosecution, stated to the court that Francis had brought the suit without first consulting counsel, and on the previous evening when the case came before the court, he had only attended because his honor's name was attached to the summons. There might be some law point which had escaped his (the counsel's) observation, but he was still under the impression that the case had no right in the Police Court. Francis had a legal remedy up to a case in the Police Court which there was no law to sustain there. Francis might seek redress before a jury, but the course he had taken was wrong. A great deal had been said about the rights of Englishmen.

The court ordered the counsel to order, saying this was not a question of nationality, and no such question should be raised before him. Did Mr. Ring wish to make an application to dismiss the case?

Mr. Ring wished to make no application.

The Court—For whom do you appear?

Mr. Ring—I was retained for the prosecution.

Mr. Francis may be placed in the box, and your honor may draw your own conclusions as to whether the case can be entertained here.

The Court—Do you appear as the advocate of Mr. Francis?

Mr. Ring—I do; but not as the advocate of bad law (separation and mingled applause and hisses.) The court still wished to know the position Mr. Ring occupied.

Mr. Ring desired to clear the ground, in the first instance, by showing that he had not advised the ill-judged step which Francis had taken; but was present to represent him, however, and if there was any law on which to found a case, he would be glad to be shown it.

The Court was still uncertain as to the position of the counsel. Was the case to go on? Probably the complainant could give him some information on that point?

The complainant replied that he was in hope when he employed counsel that he would go on with the case. As he did not appear disposed to do so, the complainant thought he could get on very well without him. [Laughter and applause.]

The Court—You have heard what Mr. Francis says. Do you, as a respectable lawyer, now wish to go on with the case?

Mr. Ring said he was willing to conduct the case, but only before a proper tribunal. He had instructed his client as to the proper course to be pursued, and would now withdraw from further connection with it.

Mr. Ring, amid much applause, then left the room.

The court stated that it was of opinion that the case was properly before it, and that the evidence would now be taken.

Mr. Bishop, who appeared for Mr. Lovett, asked that Francis be sworn, and as that witness approached the stand, a citizen seated near the box whispered in his ear. Mr. Bishop called attention to the fact that the witness was being tampered with, and asked if the citizen appeared as the legal adviser of the complainant.

The citizen denied that he was tampering with the witness—he was not sworn.

Jacob Francis was then sworn, and testified that the information which he had laid against Lovett for refusing to supply him with liquor, was correct. The defendant's license, empowering him to retail spirits, was read.

Mr. Bishop—Witness, will you state to me—no, you cannot tell where you were born.

Witness—Yes, I can.

Mr. B.—Oh, you can! you must be a smart man.

Witness—I was born in the Isle of Guernsey, and have lived here since '53; before that I lived in California.

Mr. B.—What was your occupation before coming here in California?

The Court asked the counsel's reasons for the question?

Mr. Bishop replied that the object was known to himself; he wished to test the respectability and credibility of the witness. What was your occupation while in San Francisco?

Witness—I lived in a club-house.

Mr. B.—A club-house! Was it not a gambling house?

Witness [hesitatingly]—Well, it might be so called.

Mr. B.—Then you assisted at gambling?

Witness—I was only a servant.

Mr. B.—On your oath, were you not the door-keeper of a gambling-house?

Witness—It was called a club-house.

Mr. B.—Was it not a gambling-house? I ask that your honor will compel a direct answer.

The Court sustained the counsel, and Francis replied, "It was a gambling-house."

Mr. B.—That will do.

By the Court—Was any reason given for the refusal to supply you with drink?

Witness—They refused to assign any reason. Mr. Muir, Mr. Carswell, and Capt. Graham were with me; I sat quiet and orderly; have never been convicted of any offence against the laws of England. [After a pause.] With one exception; I was fined £10 here for selling ginger-brandy inadvertently without a license.

Mr. Muir testified to going with complainant and two respectable gentlemen to the bar of defendant when the former was refused liquor; the book-keeper refused to serve Francis; we were all orderly and quiet; no insulting expressions were made use of by either party.

James Carswell corroborated the statement of Mr. Muir, and stated that the action was not the result of a preconcerted arrangement between the parties.

Mr. Bishop—You were not a wayward traveler? Witness—Not exactly.

Mr. B.—Did Francis look like a weary wayward traveler?

Witness—He did not.

Mr. B.—And if you had been refused refreshment the consequences would not have proved direful?

Witness—Not at all; I was not in need of refreshment at the time.

Jacob Francis re-called—By the court—You belong to that portion of this population which is called colored?

Witness—Yes.

The Court—Are you aware of any objection on the part of a portion of the population to associate with colored people?

Witness—I am aware of a prejudice existing.

The Court—Can you form any idea what that prejudice originates from?

Witness—I cannot; I never was in Lovett's house before.

By Mr. Bishop—Do you know that there is an objection made by a portion of this community to supply colored people with liquor?

Witness—I believe there is a certain class objects to do so.

Mr. B.—Did you not know, prior to June 21st, that there was a disinclination to serve colored people with drinks by white bar-keepers.

Witness—So far as Mr. Lovett is concerned, no, sir.

Mr. B.—Not Mr. Lovett, but generally about town?

Witness—Yes; I never was in Lovett's house before.

Mr. B.—Did you say to Mr. Carswell, "If I had known that it was Lovett's house I would not have gone in?"

Witness—I might have said so.

Mr. B.—Did you, or did you not?

Witness—I might have said so—it's possible.

Mr. B.—Did you not say so? Tell the truth.

Witness—That's what I'm trying to do.

Mr. B.—It appears to be a difficult matter for you.

Witness—No it isn't. I don't think I said so.

The Court—Can you give any reason for the refusal to serve colored people with drinks? Has it anything to do with slavery?

Mr. Bishop objected to the question, and wished the objection noted.

The court noted the objection and pressed the question.

Witness—The refusal is founded on a cruel prejudice which has followed us ever since we have been in the colony. It has even followed us into the church.

The court said the church had nothing to do with the question.

Witness—Well, it's a cruel prejudice arising from slavery on the "other side"—(United States.)

Mr. B.—Oh, we've got to America at last, have we? (Laughter.)

The counsel for the defence, at the conclusion of the evidence, addressed the bench, stating that the case could not be admitted into any civil court in England, and asked the prosecution to point out one single authority which compelled Mr. L. to sell a colored man drink. The question of "slavery" had been introduced, and the court had travelled all the way to America.

The court said by the license the defendant was to keep an orderly house; if he refused colored people drink, he placed the "badge of slavery" on them, and was guilty of conduct which might conduce to a breach of peace.

Mr. Bishop said the court had no right to go beyond the evidence, and there was none to prove a breach of the peace. His client had refused drink to a notorious gambler—the ex-doorkeeper of a gambling hall—and it would be placing the "badge of slavery" on Mr. Lovett to compel him to wait on a man who should not be admitted into a respectable man's house. Francis was no traveller—he sustained no injury from the refusal. He fenced with the question as to the character of his occupation in California, and he said at first that he had never been convicted of any offence against British law, and afterwards acknowledged that he had been convicted of a violation of the very law under which he causes Mr. Lovett to be brought before you. The learned counsel quoted numerous authority to support his argument, and concluded by again referring to the respectable antecedents of the defendant, and asked, as there were rooms set apart for the accommodation of the different classes in England, could not the same plan be copied here?

The magistrate did not wish to create bad feeling between the white and colored races here resident, and had postponed the case for a week in the hope that it would be arranged out of court. It had not been so arranged, and he was about to lay down a rule which he hoped would be followed for the future. Bar-keepers had no right to refuse to serve any British subject, and, sitting as a magistrate he felt that he was not called on to license a person who conducted his business in a way calculated to give offence to a great portion of the community. He held that the prejudice against the colored race arose from the fact that they or their ancestors had been slaves. If any separation was to be made of classes in the public bar-rooms, let a private bar be set up for those who will not associate with colored people; but let the public bar be open to every one—white or of what color. He open in this case there was no breach of the peace, but disturbance might at any time take place from this cause, and after next license day had passed he would license no one who refused to supply colored people at the public bar. Englishmen would risk their lives in defence of their liberties, and would submit to insult from no quarter. [Applause.] Those holding licenses have no right to refuse drink to colored persons, for Englishmen had a right to go anywhere.

Mr. Bishop intimated that a communication on the subject might be laid before the Home Government.

The Court would give ample time for such action and did not wish to compel people to break up businesses at a considerable pecuniary loss, and therefore would not refuse to grant licenses on such grounds until after next license day. No licensed bar could refuse to supply any person with liquor, and in future cases of the kind coming before him, not only would the license not be renewed, but he was of opinion that a penalty of £5 could be inflicted on the person so refusing for conduct tending to a breach of the peace.

The case was then dismissed, and the assemblage separated.

Late and Important from Oregon,

REMOVED MASSACRE OF MINERS.—
GREAT YIELD OF GOLD AT SALMON.

By the arrival of an overland mail yesterday via Olympia, we have Portland papers to July 28, from which we extract the following important intelligence. The Times of the 28th says:

The Julia arrived last evening at 10 o'clock, bringing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express worth \$250,000 in gold dust. Mr. E. W. Taylor arrived after a visit through the Nez Perce and Salmon mines, and looks well and hearty. The accounts from the upper country are the most favorable that have been received from that section for some months. The mines are yielding better than ever. New discoveries of a rich mining country have been made.

We clip the following from the Mountaineer of yesterday:—At the moment we go to press, a rumor reaches us that a large number of miners have been massacred by Klamath Lake Indians. The party—very strong—came from Jacksonville. When near Klamath Lake they were attacked by Indians, and all but six of their number perished.

At Astoria, on the 19th ult., Mrs. Margaret Louisa Hodge, aged 32, and Mary Trenchard, aged 34 years, and a child, were playing on a bridge and fell into the water, and Mrs. Hodge, plunging in to her rescue, both were drowned.

A theatre at Walla Walla was destroyed by fire on the 20th ult. Loss \$4000. The principal loss is Mr. J. B. Robinson, formerly of Victoria, who was deprived of every dollar he possessed in the world. A subscription for his benefit the next morning realized a handsome sum.

Mr. John Creighton arrived last evening from Florence City. He brings news of new and rich diggings having been struck fifty miles from that place. Three other gentlemen who came down with Mr. Creighton, corroborate this statement. The new mines are in a similar sink in the mountains to those at Florence City. The gold is said to be very coarse and the diggings far richer than at Salmon. Mr. Creighton thinks that over 4,000 men left Salmon for the new diggings in less than twenty-eight hours after the facts became generally known.

Times, 24th ult.

Portland has emerged from the flood without sustaining any very serious damage. The waters of the Columbia have fallen considerably of late.

From British Columbia.

The steamer Enterprise arrived at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, from New Westminster with 35 passengers and \$20,000 in gold dust.

The news is unimportant. The steamer Gov. Douglas, Capt. Mont. Wright, made the first through trip to Yale, since high water, on Thursday. She experienced a little difficulty in crossing Emery's Bar rapids, but went over without a line. She returned to New Westminster yesterday morning with a broom fastened to her mast-head.

Business is very lively throughout the sister Colony, and gold dust continues to arrive from above in small quantities.

It is reported that 4,000 men were on their way to Cariboo from Salmon river.

On the 24th ult. Judge Begbie held court at Lillooet. Two of the three criminals committed to trial had escaped from custody. Ah Tuck, a Chinaman, for robbing a store of gold dust, was discharged for want of evidence. The Grand Jury's report expresses satisfaction at the manner in which the roads have been improved, but deprecate that no measures have been adopted for the construction of a bridge over the Fraser; disapprobation is expressed at the want of proper jail facilities, and the erection of a proper building is recommended. Complaint is also made that the deeds of town lots purchased from the Government are not forthcoming.

Salutes were fired at New Westminster, yesterday, in honor of the Fourth of July.

FREE NEGROES.—It is a fact not generally known that the free negroes in the fourteen Southern States outnumber those of the nineteen Northern States about 30,000. A recent statement gives the number of free negroes North at 222,715; and those of the slave States at 259,078.

SUICIDE ON BOARD H. M.'S SHIP "CHARYBDIS."
About 11 o'clock on Thursday night the lifeless body of—Lewis, second assistant engineer of H. M.'s ship Charybdis, lying in Esquimaux harbor, was discovered hanging by a rope—one end of which was fastened around his neck, and the other end to the brass hand-rail which surrounds the machinery. The body was quite warm when discovered, and as deceased had been missed but a short time, it is supposed that he hanged himself only a few minutes before being discovered. All attempts at resuscitation proved futile. From the appearance of things the deed must have been accomplished deliberately and upon mature reflection, as he was compelled to ascend a ladder and swing himself off after adjusting the rope, which was about the size of one's little finger. The neck of deceased was unboken, and death resulted from strangulation. It is rumored that deceased was court-martialed on Thursday for excessive drinking, and that it was owing to a temporary depression of spirits, arising from the disgrace, that he put an end to his existence. Mr. Lewis was a native of England, and aged about 40 years. An inquest will be held on the body by Coroner Dickson to-day.

RESOURCES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.—"T. P.," a valued correspondent, writes us that the water of the Fraser is the best in the world for dyeing purposes, from the fact of its having just enough alkali tributaries to soften the water, but not too much for animal use. Some years ago a few enterprising Frenchmen took to France, from Dublin, a number of satinet weavers and looms, and every appearance for carrying on the manufacture of poplin—in which effort they signally failed, and placed the failure to the account of the hardness of the water. "The water of the Fraser," writes T. P., "is nearly similar to Dublin water, and I feel satisfied that as good an article of poplin can be made in British Columbia as in Ireland. Fine flax can also be produced in the neighborhood of the alkali lakes, and some of the best pottery and porcelain clay is to be obtained in various portions of the sister Colony."

FOURTH OF JULY.—Yesterday, the 86th anniversary of American Independence, was observed by the firing of salutes at Beacon Hill, the display of bunting from the principal stores, engine-houses, and shipping, and the closing of the most of the wholesale and retail places of business. The day passed off in a quiet manner. In the evening, fire-crackers snapped loudly on Yates street, and Roman candles and sky-rockets clove the air in commemoration of the event celebrated. But little business was transacted. No interference was offered by the Police. The widest latitude was afforded the Americans in the observance of their national holiday, and we have yet to hear of a single step beyond the strict line of propriety on the part of any of our foreign residents yesterday.

SHAKESPEARIAN READINGS.—On Monday evening Mr. Charles Dillon, the eminent tragedian, Mrs. Charles Dillon, the celebrated actress and vocalist, and Mrs. Edwin F. Stewart, the celebrated tragic actress, will give Shakespearian readings. Mr. Dillon will read "Othello," "Macbeth," "Hamlet," and "King Lear." Mrs. Dillon will sing several beautiful ballads. The 1st and 3d acts of Macbeth, acted in character, by Mr. Dillon and Mrs. Stewart, will conclude the entertainment. The reputation of these artists has preceded them to this Colony, and it is hoped that their efforts to amuse and edify our public will meet with a hearty support.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.—A sitting of the House took place yesterday, when the Sanitary Commission Bill was passed. Mr. Harris' motion for the completion of Esquimaux Road from Rough and Ready, was brought up, and during the discussion on its merits some words took place between Mr. Harris and Mr. Franklin. The motion was lost.

ARRIVAL.—The brig Hidalgo arrived yesterday afternoon in 13 days from San Francisco. She brought 225 tons of freight, and is consigned to Pickett & Co.

THE ELIZA ANDERSON.—This steamer arrived yesterday morning from New Westminster, with 19 passengers, and left for the Sound at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

LAUNCH.—The new schooner Alberni, built for Stamp & Co., at Barclay Sound, was to have been launched yesterday. She is about 165 tons burthen and is the largest vessel ever constructed on this island.

THE SCHOONER MEG MERRIES sailed for Alberni last evening, with 29 passengers and a full freight.

THE LOSS AT NEW ORLEANS.—Captain Bailey, second in command of the Mississippi fleet, writes to the Secretary of the Navy saying:—

The enemy with their own hands destroyed from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000 worth of cotton and shipping. Our loss is 36 killed and 123 wounded. The enemy lost from 1,000 to 1,500, besides several hundred prisoners.

The Mission Woolen Factory of San Francisco, will consume 1,500,000 pounds of wool this year, chiefly in the manufacture of goods for the Federal Government.

Bilious Affections, LIVER COMPLAINTS, SICK HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, &c.

JAYNE'S NATIVE PILLS.

A Mild, Prompt, and Effective Remedy.

There is scarcely any disease in which purgative medicines are not required; and much sickness and suffering might be prevented were they more generally used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails, besides, it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might be avoided by timely and judicious use of proper Cathartic medicines.

Convinced of the correctness of these views,

JAYNE'S NATIVE PILLS

Are recommended with the greatest confidence, experience having demonstrated them to be far superior to any other in use, being more mild, prompt, and uniform in their operation. While using them no particular care is required, and patients may eat and drink as usual. Age will not impair them, as they are so continued as to always readily dissolve in the stomach. In small doses are active and gently laxative, but in large doses are actively cathartic, cleansing the whole alimentary canal from all putrid, irritating and fecal matters.

For DYSPEPSIA, these Pills are really an invaluable medicine, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach and liver, and producing healthy action in those important organs. In cases of long standing, a cure will be more speedily effected by using, in conjunction with the Pills, the Jarve's Alternative or Tonic Vermifuge, according to directions.

For Liver Complaint, Gout, Jaundice, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Fevers, Nervousness, Disease of the Skin, Impurity of the Blood, Sick Headache, Constipation, Piles, Female Diseases, and Intoxications, these Pills have proved themselves eminently successful. All that is asked for them is a fair trial.

The NATIVE PILLS and all of Dr. J. Jayne's Family Medicines are sold by CURTIS & MOORE and SANLEY BROS., Victoria, from whom they may be obtained. "Jayne's Medical Almanac and Guide to Health," containing, besides a valuable Calendar, a catalogue of Diseases, together with the symptoms by which they may be known, and the proper remedies for their cure. 1610 Im.

DR. CLERJON,

FROM PARIS,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,

Government street, between Yates and Johnson, in the Yard opposite Washington Restaurant.

Special treatment of all Diseases without Mercury.

1710 Im.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, V. I.

ARRIVED.

July 4—Slp Northern Light, Osgood, Port Townsend.

Slp Grace Darling, McDonald, Port Townsend.

Slp Eliza Anderson, Fleming, New Westminster.

Slp Enterprise, Adams, New Westminster.

4 1/2 A M RECEIVED.

July 4—Slp Northern Light, Osgood, Port Townsend.

Slp Eliza Anderson, Fleming, New Westminster.

DIED.

At Victoria, July 4th, Mr. Thomas Ham, aged 25 years, late of Cornish Town, State of Maine, U. S.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the Star and Garter Hotel, Government street, at 12 o'clock this day.

IMPORTS.

Per brig HIDALGO from San Francisco—Hammam & Boskows, 1 cask Virginia smoking tobacco, 2 boxes Frast chewing do, 2 do, 2 do Hero do, 10 do do, 5 tiger do, 5 imperial rusty do, 10 do do, 5 boxes Mason's light pressed do, 10 do do, 10 do do, 5 do do do, 1 do containing glass, 1 tobacco cutter, 1 bag clothing, C Bosse, 12 boxes Italian paste, 78 qrs alkali flour, A C Follows, 4 casks, 2 do axes, 6 ox yokes, 4 bolls ox hoes; Two Wo Song, 541 mats rice; A Cassaway, 500 bags rice, 25 chests tea, 5 bales gunnies, 4 qrs flour; E Stamp & Co, 10 bales, 3 cks Cumberland, 10 bales butter, 10 bales dried apples, 3 bags coffee, 6 boxes mustard, 6 do pepper, 6 kils tallow, 140 mats rice, 148 drums, 32 do, 19 pks window, 5 coils rope, 2 rolls belting, 1 boll oars, 1 bx rabbit metal; Kwong Lee & Co, 10 bx tea, 1 scale, 51 boxes oil; H Nathan, 100 boxes candles, 5 do starch, 20 do spics, 4 do coffee, 2 bbls hams; Order, 31 cases bacon, Blackman & Marks, 2 iron safes; Mrs A Blake, 13 pkgs household effects; H Nathan, 10 cks hatters, 20 mats rice, 3 cases yst powders; Pickett & Co, 10 cks bacon, 121 mats rice; Order, 100 lb sks flour, Pickett & Co, 500 do barley; J S Harrison, 240 qrs sks flour 18 grn d barley; Gladwin Farbell & Co, 250 mats rice; Order, 1 cks yre, 2 pgs axes, 4 pgs, 2 boxes tin; Order, 18 baskets champagne, 7 do do; H Nathan, 10 boxes raisins, 25 lb do do, 10 qrs do; G Vignolo, 12 cks bacon; Henderson & Burnaby, 400 qrs cks flour; Martin & Bros, 4 pkgs merchandise.

Public Notice.

THE UNDERMENTIONED LANDS

are for the present reserved.

I. Around the junction of the Quesselle and Fraser Rivers, extending for a distance of two miles above and two miles below the said junction and to a distance of half a mile back from the banks of the River Fraser.

II. Around the junction of the "Sw. B." and Fraser Rivers, extending for a distance of one mile above the spot known as the Rapids or Canon, about two miles above the junction. Reservation to extend half a mile back from the banks of the Fraser River.

III. Around the junction of the West or Black River and the Fraser, extending a mile or a way from the junction.

IV. Around the upper end of North Sentinel Arm and extending down the same on each side to a distance of three miles and a mile back from the Shore line.

V. Around the upper end of Teans Canal, extending from points on both sides, each being three miles below where the River falls into the same, to a point about three miles up the River, and extending to a mile back on each side of the banks of the River and of the said Canal.

Due notice will be given on any withdrawal of any part of the above reservation.

By order of the Governor.

F. J. SCHAEFFER & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Wagon and Carriage Material,

Nos. 12 and 14 Pine st., San Francisco

And 73 and 75 E street, Maryville.

HAVE NOW ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY arriving from the Eastern States, the largest and best selected stock of WAGON and CARRIAGE MATERIALS ever offered in this market, consisting of

Oak, Ash, Hickory and Maple Lumber, Oak and Hickory Spokes,

Finished and unfinished. Also, a large stock of

Plough Frames and Handles.

Which we are offering at the LOWEST PRICES and on terms to suit. Parties in the country favoring us with an order can depend upon receiving an A No 1 article. A share of the trade respectfully solicited.

m23 5m15

UNION SOAP WORKS,

STELLACOOM, W. T.,

Meeker & Co.

Manufactured and constantly on hand and for sale.

CHEMICAL OLIVE SOAP,

NO. 1 FAMILY PALE SOAP,

And varieties of

TOILET SOAP.

In any quantity, and at prices below the cost of the same articles when imported.

SPOREBERG & GOLDSTONE,

Sole Agents for Victoria, V. I.

DR. BURTON'S

Balsamic Compound,

For the Speedy and Radical Cure of Diseases of the Urinary Organs.

THIS IS A REMEDY WHICH RE-quires no assistance. It performs its duty quickly and thoroughly, leaving no injurious effect either to the constitution or to the part affected.

It is the result of long experience and close observation in a great number of cases, and has been invariably successful where other medicines or treatment have failed; thus proving itself to be a remedy long required by the public.

Price - - - One Dollar per Bottle.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast,

CHARLES LANGLEY,

Wholesale Druggist.

329 Commercial at near Front st., San Francisco.

LANGLEY BROS. Sole Agents for Victoria, V. I.

July 1st

THE GIPSEY HOUSE,

ADJOINING COLONIAL HOTEL,

Government street, Victoria.

Ice Cream and Strawberry,

BLANC MANGE,

Coffee, Chocolate & Cakes

LUNCH AT ALL HOURS.

At this house the above enumerated luxuries are served up in the most recherche style.

HOT AND COLD SPRING WATER BATHS.

July 1st

DR. DELAVAN'S

ALL HEALING

Japanese Salve.

THE JAPANESE SALVE IS THE BEST preparation that has been discovered for the

Cure of Poison from Poison Oak,

Mosquito Bites, Cuts, Sprains, Burns, Piles, Bolls, Bruises, Corns, Chilblains, Gunshot Wounds, Sore Nipples, Nursing Sore Breasts, and in fact all kinds of Bores.

For sale by all Druggists.

REDINGTON & CO., Agents,

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents,

July 1st

MISCELLANEOUS.

Board Reduced.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE

COLUMBIA HOTEL,

Columbia st., near Lytton Square,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

Notifies his friends and the traveling public that he has greatly reduced the rates of Board to the following:

Board by the Week.....\$7 00

Board and Lodging per Week.....\$8 to 9 00

Single Meals.....per Day.....1 50

Single Meals.....per Day.....1 50

The substantial and deficiencies of the season will always be found on the table, with every possible comfort afforded to the traveler.

The Bar is supplied with the finest Liquors.

Meals at all hours.

July 1st

M. MEYER

Has Removed

TO THE STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Next door to Langley Bros' Drug Store,

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE AN

Entire New Stock of

CLOTHING

—AND—

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

HATS, CAPS AND

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

July 1st

Notice to the Public.

SAINEVAIN'S WINE BITTERS, OR California Vermouth.—These Bitters are obtaining a wide-spread celebrity in all parts of the State. It is sufficient evidence of their great merit to observe the large quantities shipped by our principal Wine Merchants to every part of the country.

Sainevain, however, like all other manufacturers of new and valuable articles, has to contend with unscrupulous parties, who are introducing a spurious mixture purporting to be his Wine Bitters, which noxious compounds are put up in the same style of bottles, labels, etc., so as to pass for the Sainevain brand. We call attention to this fact so that our citizens may be upon their guard, and that when they ask for Sainevain's Bitters, see that they get them. As pure Wine is destined to drive from use all alcoholic decoctions, so these Bitters will soon take the place of the adulterated preparations which now flood our market. Those desiring a pure and agreeable tonic should try Sainevain's Wine Bitters of California Vermouth.

We have appointed W. H. OLIVER, of Victoria, V. I., to be our Sole Agent for the British Possessions.

July 1st

SAINEVAIN BROS.,

San Francisco, Cal.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

TROCHES.

TROCHES.

"Previously the first and best."

REV. HENRY WAID BEECHER.

"I recommend their use to Public speakers."

REV. E. H. CHAPIN, NEW YORK.

"Great service in subduing Hoarseness."

REV. DANIEL WISE, NEW YORK.

"I have proved them excellent for Whooping Cough."

REV. H. W. WARREN, BOSTON.

"Great benefit in affections of the Bronchial Organs."

DR. J. F. W. LANE, BOSTON.

"A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c."

DR. G. F. BIGELOW, BOSTON.

"Contains no 'pium' or anything injurious."

DR. A. A. HAYES, CHEMIST, BOSTON.

"Very beneficial in clearing the throat when compelled to speak though suffering from Cold."

REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, ST. LOUIS.

"I heartily unite in the above commendation."

REV. M. SCHUYLER, ST. LOUIS.

"A friend having tried many remedies for Asthma with benefit, I feel relief from the Troches."

REV. D. LETTS, FRANKFORT, ILL.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

REDINGTON & CO., Wholesale Drugists, Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. m11 8m

WELLS & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

Havana and Domestic Cigars,

TOBACCO, PIPES, MATCHES, &c.

No. 226 Front street, near Sacramento, SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—WELLS & CO. have always in Bond Havana Cigars, selected expressly for the British Columbia market; also, genuine Meerschaum Pipes, German Fancy Pipes, French Clay Pipes, etc. m28 6m

A. J. BRUNN,

GOVERNMENT STREET

Custom Clothing Store.

NEW GOODS FOR CITY TRADE.

A. J. B. has now the facilities to make up Gentlemen's Fashionable Garments at Reduced Prices, so as to enable everybody to have their garments made to order. A good Assortment of Hats and Caps, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods always on hand, at low prices, and the undersigned hopes to have a liberal share of public patronage.

Good Goods, Good Workmanship is the Best Bargain.

July 1st

J. J. SOUTHWATE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Union Wharf,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND

And Battery street, San Francisco, California

July 1st

Prize Essay on Vancouver Island

For Sale at

HERRN & CAHWELEN.

PRICE, 25 CENTS. July 1st

7 MARKS, ex Bark Mary.

Will be sold cheap if applied for soon.

JAMES S. HARRISON,

Langley street,

Corner of Junction street,

July 1st

Patronize Home Manufacture.

SEAGRAM MANUFACTURED FROM the best Havana Tobacco, and for sale wholesale or retail, on Johnson street, next door below the corner of Government street.

July 1st

L. WIESNERBERGER, Tobaccoist

JUST RECEIVED

FROM MANCHESTER,

EX. PONTIAC, via San Francisco.

SALES 1/4-inch COTTON PRINTS,

SALES 1/4-inch GREY DOMESTICS,

727 HENDERSON & BURNABY,

